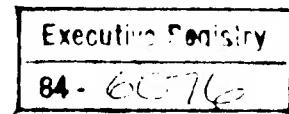


CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY



Director, Office of Legislative Liaison 16 August 1984

NOTE TO: DCI
DDCI

- o Two pieces attached re our Congressional relationship: 1) Oversight Quid pro Quo; 2) a cut at a goals statement.
- o Either or both might be distributed in-house (to educate, inform, influence) our own troops and to the Oversight Committees in a positive effort at improved relations, as a two-way deal.
- o Welcome comments.

STAT

Charles A. Briggs

N.B. Parts of the "CIA Quid" came from Helene Boatner's papers.



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Congressional Oversight - Quid Pro Quo

I. CIA Quid

- o Our Congressional Oversight Committees have a legitimate right to accurate and timely information about the Agency and the DO. It is in our interest to provide that information so that any differences with Congress focus on substance rather than on whether we have told them all we should have and at an appropriate time.
- o We must, of course, protect sources and methods, but we should not use that excuse to conceal information. Our objective with Congress is not to tell them as little as possible but rather to tell them as much as possible without endangering operations. It behooves us to provide information with grace and alacrity, not grudgingly and cautiously.
- o We should address the issues, whether or not the specific questions asked are correctly framed to get at them.
- o Exaggeration, evasion and misdirection on minor issues undermine our credibility with Congress on all issues.
- o We must be absolutely neutral, politically, with and between Committees and Members of Congress.
- o We should understand and respect the Congressional function and recognize the responsibilities that rest on Members and Committees.

II. Congressional Quo

- o The Congressional Oversight Committees must make unusual efforts to perform their role in a bipartisan and secure manner to ensure the credibility and professional respect necessary for the process to work.
- o Oversight Committee staff self-discipline is required to avoid overlapping, repetitive and encyclopedic questions which reduce the credibility of the oversight process, tend to erode security, and have great manpower impact on analysts and operators.
- o Reasonableness must prevail to prevent oversight from degenerating into micromanagement.
- o A positive goal of oversight, balancing the watchdog role, is that of buffer and defender of a strong U.S. intelligence capability, especially within Congress but also in assuring the public.
- o Oversight Committee Members and staff should understand and respect the intelligence and covert action functions and recognize the responsibilities that rest on the personnel who direct these activities at home and abroad.

DCI
EXEC
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CIA Congressional Goals

Keep the Congress informed of pertinent finished intelligence.

Provide the appropriate Committees of Congress with timely and appropriate information on Agency activities which have the potential for affecting national policies regarding foreign affairs, national security and the domestic welfare.

Assist in the passage of legislation which strengthens the U.S. foreign intelligence effort, and assist in resisting the passage of legislation which weakens the U. S. intelligence effort.

Provide good relations and communications between the Congress and the Central Intelligence Agency.

Coordinate intelligence community views on pending legislation.

Congressional CIA Goals

Provide Congressional oversight and control of intelligence and covert action to assure that these functions are performed as authorized and are authorized to perform in a manner consistant with public policy.

Provide the resources and legislative authority to give the nation the best possible intelligence capability.

Serve as surrogate for the entire Congress on classified intelligence and covert action matters.